

Appendices CUSTOMER SERVICE PLAN

Water and Sewer Group

June 2018

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1. MAPS OF SUPPLY AREAS

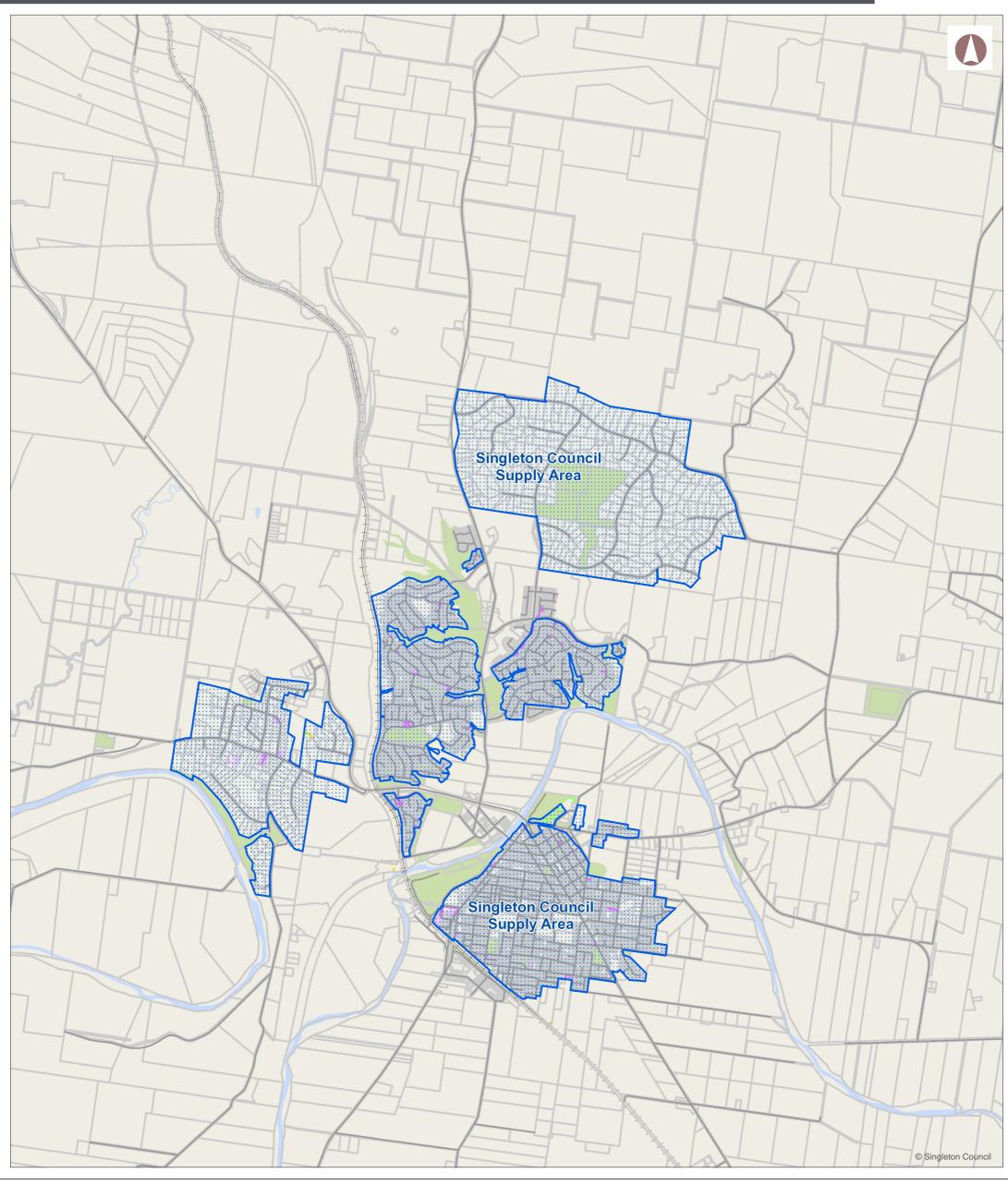
1.1. WATER SUPPLY AREAS

Following are mapped representations of the Council's water supply area for;

- 1. Singleton Supply Area
- 2. Whittingham Supply Area
- 3. Mt Thorley Supply Area
- 4. Jerrys Plains Supply Area
- 5. Broke Supply Area

Singleton Council - Water Supply Area - Town



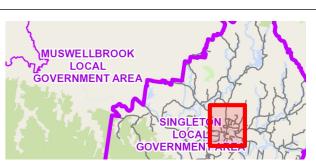


2.0 0 1.02 2.0 Kilometers

Date: 29-Mar-2018

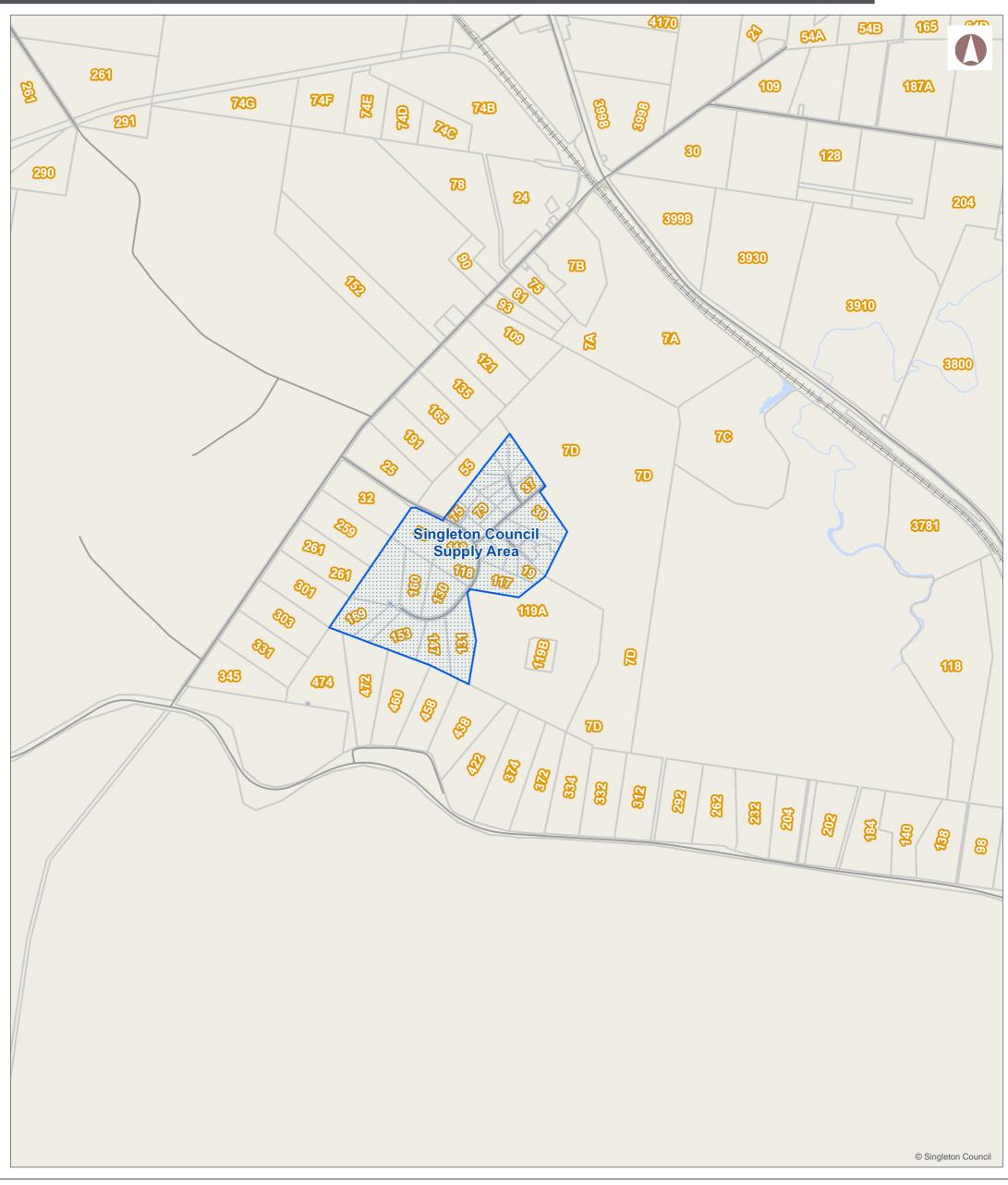
Projection: GDA_1994_MGA_Zone_56

DISCLAIMER:



Singleton Council - Water Supply Area - Whittingham





1.0 0 0.51 1.0 Kilometers

Date: 29-Mar-2018

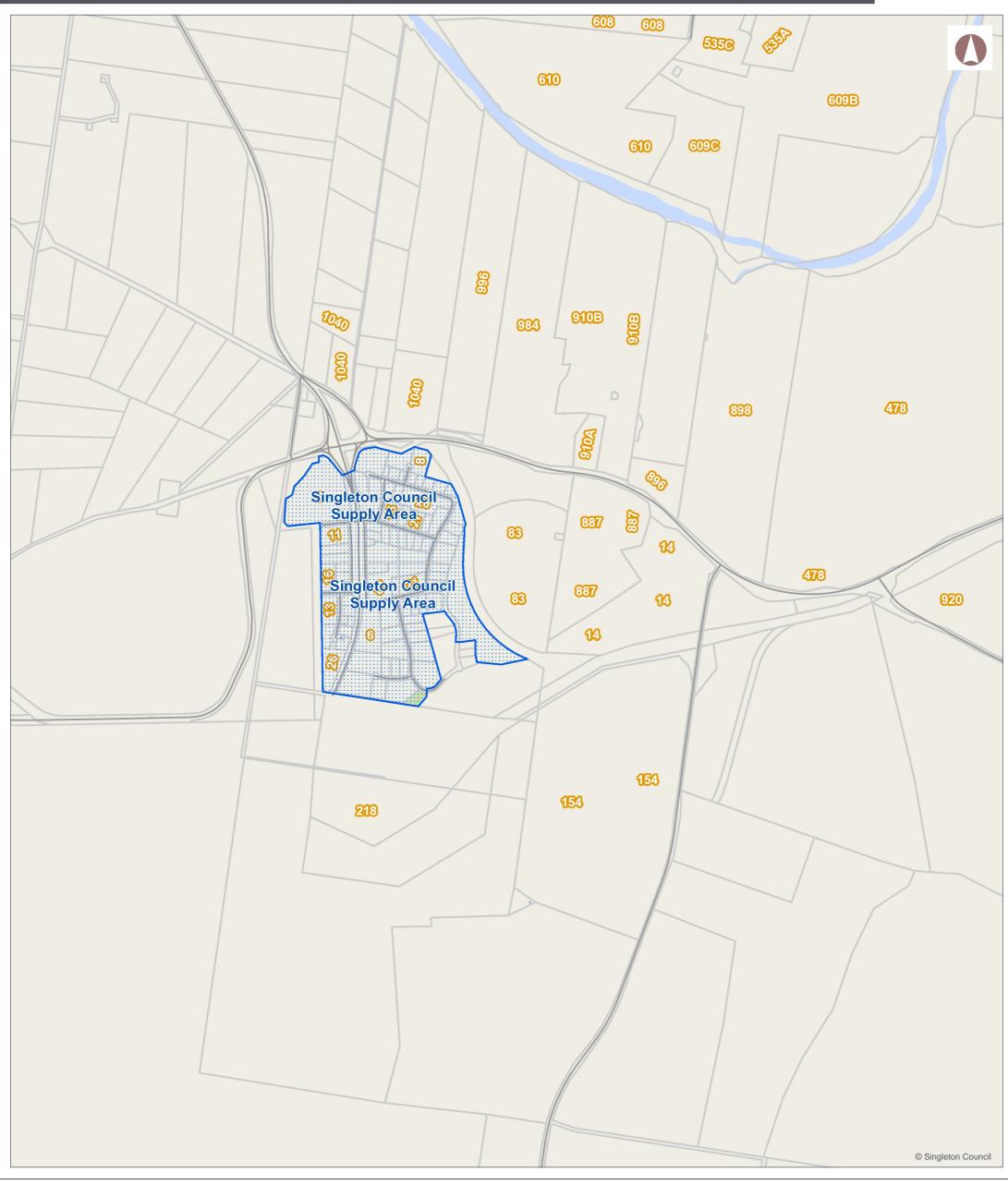
Projection: GDA_1994_MGA_Zone_56

DISCLAIMER:



Singleton Council - Water Supply Area - Mt Thorley



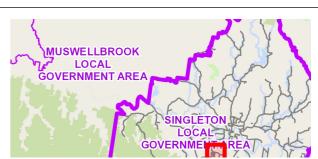




Date: 29-Mar-2018

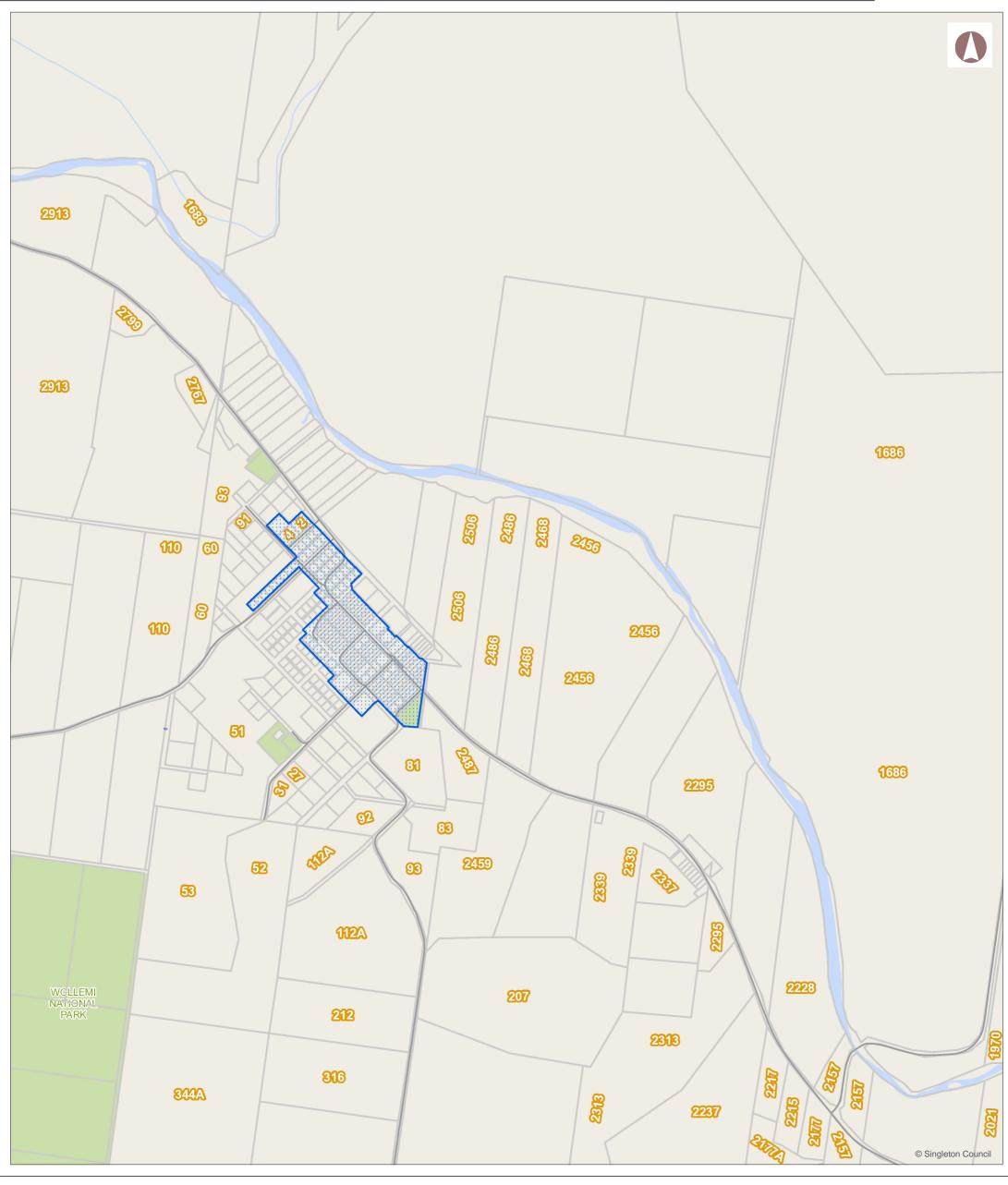
Projection: GDA_1994_MGA_Zone_56

DISCLAIMER:



Singleton Council - Water Supply Area - Jerrys Plains





1.0 0 0.51 1.0 Kilometers

Date: 29-Mar-2018

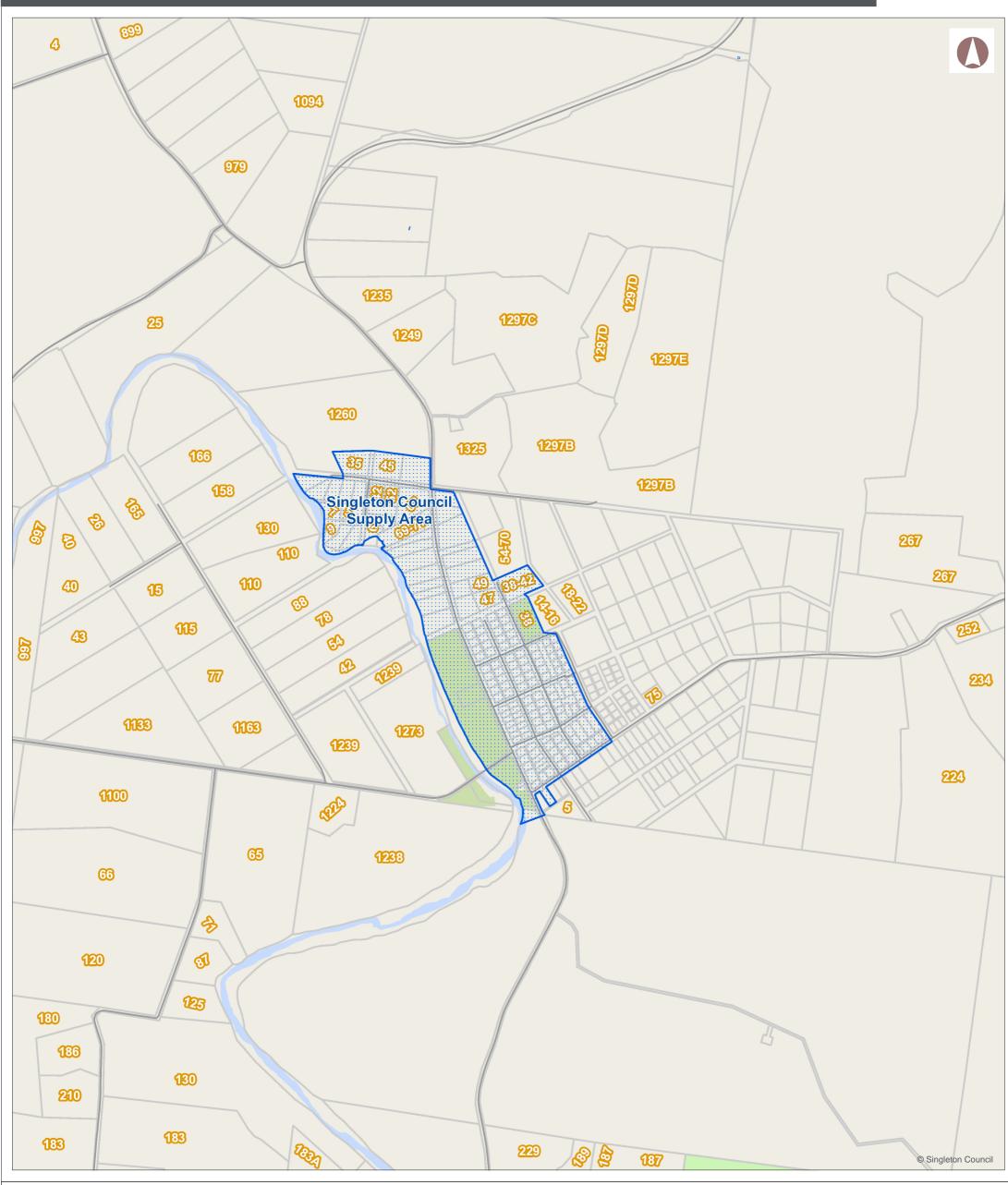
Projection: GDA_1994_MGA_Zone_56

DISCLAIMER:



Water Supply Area - Broke



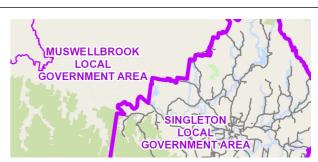


0.9 0.46 0.9 Kilometers

Date: 29-Mar-2018

Projection: GDA_1994_MGA_Zone_56

DISCLAIMER:

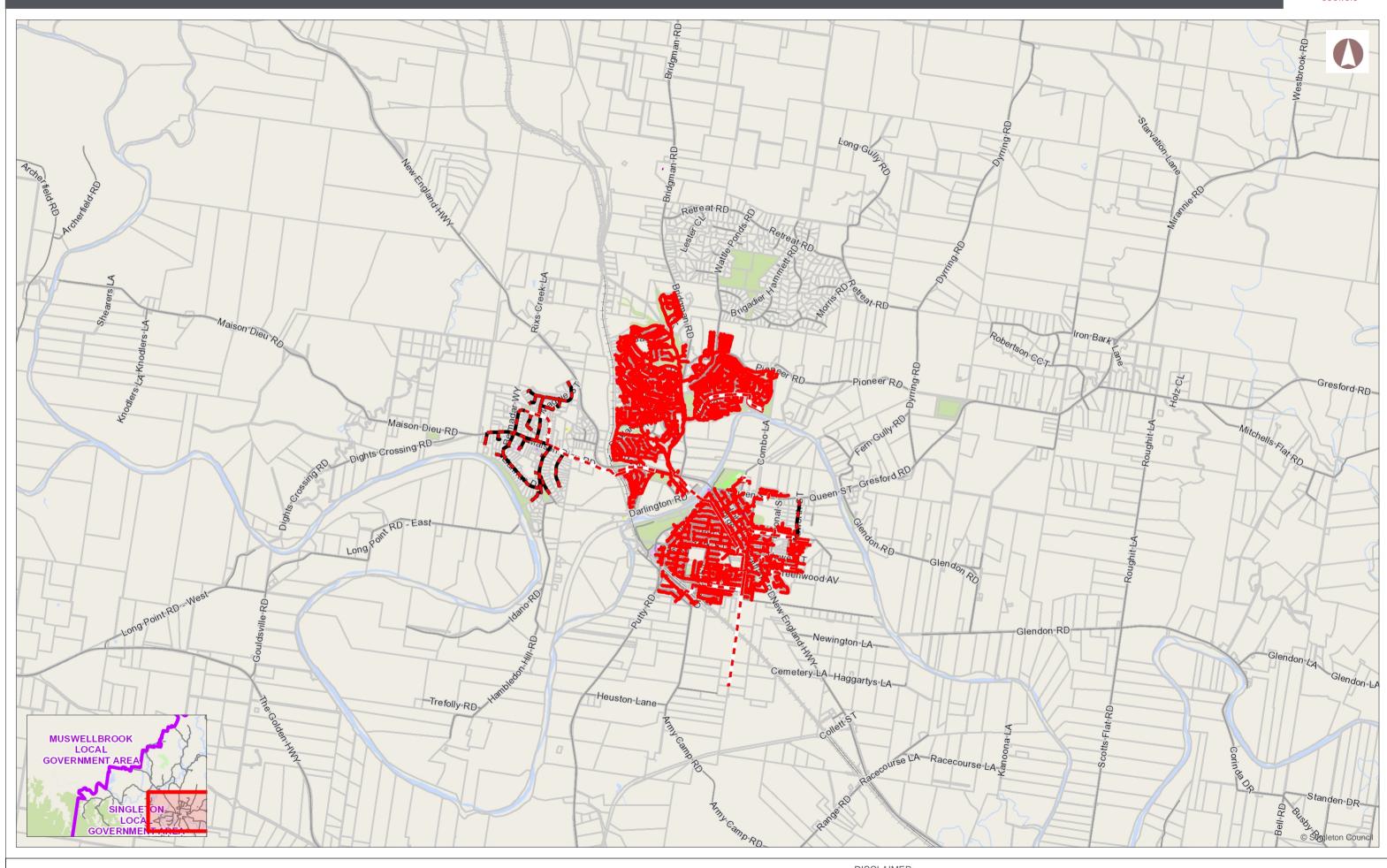


1.2. SEWER SUPPLY AREAS

The following is a mapped representations of the Council's sewer supply area for Singleton.

Sewer Supply Area





2,940.8

1,470.39

2,940.8 Meters

2. CUSTOMER SERVICE STANDARDS

2.1. CUSTOMER SERVICE STANDARDS - WATER SUPPLY SERVICE

The following table outlines the Customer Service standards for the essential service aspect of the Council Water Supply Service. The target, priority and response times indicated are for Potable Supply Customers only and do not extend to those special customers on specific agreements. Targets are set on an annual basis and are based on the median result of other similar Council's for each performance measure. Water Supply Response and Repair Timeframes and Priority Details are available in Table 3.

Appendix Table 1: Water Supply Customer Service Standards

Standards	Description	Target	Priority	Comments	Benchmark
Drinking water pressure to boundary	Provide between 12 metres and 90 metres head of water in the reticulation system. The minimum water pressure is based on minimum firefighting requirements and the maximum pressure protects Council and house plumbing from bursting. The minimum drinking water pressure provided by Council will fill a standard 9 L bucket in 1.5 mins.	95% of all residential properties during summer whilst conveying a minimum of 6 L/min	2	Section 2 Our Services	Industry standard
Extent of unplanned drinking water interruptions, including their number, duration and cause (e.g. water main breaks).	An unplanned water supply interruption occurs when a property is without a service due to any cause. This excludes the following: • Property service connection interruptions (unless the burst or leak requires the main to be shut down for repairs which affect multiple customers) • Interruptions that cause some reduction to the service but where normal activities are still possible • Planned interruptions except where the customer has not received notification.	C15 – Unplanned interruption duration < 120 mins C10 – < 4 water service complaints per 1,000 properties A8 – < 12 main breaks per 100km of water main C17 – < 32 unplanned	1	Section 2 Our Services Section 5 Your Rights and Responsibilities	National Performance Benchmarking Report C15 – Average Duration of unplanned interruptions water in minutes C10 – Water Service, complaints no. per 1000 properties A8 – Water main breaks no. per 100 km of water main C17 – Average frequency of unplanned interruptions

Standards	Description	Target	Priority	Comments	Benchmark
		interruption per 1,000 properties			water no. per 1,000 properties
Time for restoration of water service – unplanned interruptions	Restoration occurs where all interrupted connections are restored to normal service.	 A8 – < 12 main breaks per 100km of water main C15 – Unplanned interruption duration < 120 mins 	1	Section 2 Our Services Section 5 Your Rights and Responsibilities	National Performance Benchmarking Report • A8 – Water main breaks no. per 100 km of water main • C15 – Average Duration of unplanned interruptions water in minutes
Notification for planned water service interruptions	 Provide notice, where possible, via doorknocking/letter box drops, social media, Council's website and/or variable message board. If interruption will be less than four hours, notice via doorknocking will only be given to those customers who are put at extreme inconvenience. Provide alternative water supplies, where possible, through temporary connections and/or emergency bottled drinking water for outages predicted to be greater than 8 hours. Prioritise notification and resumption of supply to Critical and Extremely Critical Customers (e.g. dialysis patients) 	N/A	2	Section 2 Our Services Section 4 Our Rights and Responsibilities	Industry standard
Drinking water quality and/or complaints*	Supply drinking water in the reticulated system which meet the Australian Drinking Water Guidelines and minimise the number of water quality complaints resulting from operational practices.	H3 – 100% of the service population for which population microbiological compliance is achieved C9 – < 3 water quality complaints per 1,000 properties	2	Section 2 Our Services Section 4 Our Rights and Responsibilities	National Performance Benchmarking Report • H3 - % of population where microbiological compliance was achieved • C9 – Water quality complaints per 1,000 properties

Standards	Description	Target	Priority	Comments	Benchmark
Water for firefighting	Properties connected to the town water supply receive potable water at a guaranteed level of service and meets the NSW Brigade requirements for firefighting in accordance with AS2419. Council has committed to progressively replacing sub 100mm water mains to provide the minimum firefighting pressure by 2030.	Available in all area urban areas**	N/A	Section 2 Our Services Section 4 Our Rights and Responsibilities	N/A
Consumption restrictions	The adopted consumption trigger levels are aimed at ensuring that Singleton is affected by water restrictions for less than 10% of the time and no more than 5 times per 100 years. Restrictions are only applied when severe water shortages are evident.	No more than 5 times per 100 years	1	Section 2 Our Services Section 4 Our Rights and Responsibilities	N/A
	There are six categories of restrictions (1 – low level restrictions to 6 – emergency restrictions), each with an increasing impact on consumption, in accordance with the current Drought Management Plan.				
	Restrictions will be widely advertised to ensure total awareness by all customers.				
Water connection and meter	Installation of water tapping and connection	20 working days***	N/A	Section 2 Our Services	N/A
metel	Supply and installation of meter on existing water connection	20 working days***		Section 4 Our Rights and Responsibilities	

^{*} Excludes non-potable supply including Glennies Creek Trunk Water Main and Mount Thorley Raw Water Scheme

^{**} Excludes water mains less than 100mm consistent with Clause 142 of the *Local Government (General) Regulations, 2005 (NSW)* (for example downtown Singleton and water supply to the Abattoir).and Jerrys Plains Water Supply Scheme.

^{***} From the time of payment of all outstanding fees as quoted

2.2. CUSTOMER SERVICE STANDARDS - SEWER SUPPLY SERVICE

The following table outlines the Customer Service standards for the essential service aspect of the Council Sewer Supply Service. Targets are set on an annual basis and are based on the median result of other similar Council's for each performance measure. Sewer Supply Response and Repair Timeframes and Priority Details are available in Table 4.

Appendix Table 2: Sewer Supply Customer Service Standards

Standards	Description	Target	Priority*	Comments	Benchmark
Sewerage overflows to customer properties.	Sewerage overflows to customer properties may occur either as a result of onsite plumbing or offsite sewerage issues. Customers are advised in the first instance to contact their plumber to determine if their system is blocked by tree roots, wet wipes etc. If the plumber identifies the issue is with the sewerage system, Council will reimburse the plumber/customer for the work and undertake rectification. Most overflows occur during wet weather periods as a result of high inflow/infiltration of stormwater to the sewer system. The system is designed to cater for limited inflows, events greater than this (ie widespread flooding) are excluded.	● A14 – < 38 Sewerage main breaks and chokers per 100 km of sewer main	1	Section 2 Our Services Section 4 Our Rights and Responsibilities Section 5 Your rights and responsibilities	National Performance Benchmarking Report • A14 – Sewerage main breaks and chokers per 100 km of sewer main
Sewer odour complaints	Sewer odour complaints can be generated as a consequence of a range of shortcomings with operational maintenance of the system. Action is taken to minimise the disruption from such occurring.	• 21 – < 0.9 odour complaints per 1,000 properties	2	Section 2 Our Services Section 4 Our Rights and Responsibilities Section 5 Your rights and responsibilities	NSW Triple Bottom Line Sewerage Performance • 21 – Odour Complaints per 1,000 properties
Effluent quality from Sewage Treatment Plant	To meet and ensure ongoing compliance with licence regulations by the EPA for the operation of the Sewage Treatment Plants (STPs).	●E5 – > 98% of sewage volume treated compliant with EPA licence	N/A	Section 2 Our Services	National Performance Benchmarking • E4 – Percentage of sewage volume treated was compliant (%)

Standards	Description	Target	Priority*	Comments	Benchmark
Sewer and pressure sewer connection	Connection of property to Council's sewer system. This is typically undertaken by the Developer or plumber.	20 working days*	N/A	Section 2 Our Services Section 5 Your rights and responsibilities	N/A
	Installation and connection of pressure sewer system and connection to Council's sewer system.	20 working days*			

^{*} From the time of payment of all outstanding fees as quoted

2.3. RESPONSE AND REPAIR TIMEFRAMES AND PRIORITY DETAILS - WATER SUPPLY SERVICE

The following table outlines the Water Supply Response and Repair Timeframes and Priority Details for the essential service aspect of the Council Water Supply Service.

Appendix Table 3: Water Response and Repair Timeframes and Priority Details

	Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3	Priority 4
Definition	A complete failure to maintain continuity of quality of supply to large number of customers or a critical user at a critical time. Traffic or safety hazard.	Partial failure to maintain continuity of supply to a small group of customers or a critical user at a non-critical time.	Failure to maintain continuity or quality of supply to a single customer.	Known fault, non-urgent minor problem or complaint which can be dealt with at a time convenient to the customer and Council
Typical cause	 Pump station failure Water Treatment Plant malfunction Valve failure Major water main or service break No water Stop cock faulty (flooding house – urgent shutdown required) Suspected waterborne illness (potable water supplies) 	 Minor main break Leaking main Partial valve failure Poor pressure Leak causing a safety/traffic issue, Stop cock faulty (need to be shut off supply today) Water hammer (where only turning off the stop cock stops the hammer) Asset location – plant and machinery on-site 	Minor leak from main or service line (not causing safety/traffic issue) Partial failure of connections Minor leak from a hydrant point Water hammer (stops when taps are turned off) Asset locations – no plant or machinery on-site Install temporary service Dirty water (colour/odour/taste)	Faulty water meter Damaged meter (unable to read) Missing/faulty Stop cock (no work being carried out) Service disconnection or downsize Faulty valve or hydrant
Typical effects	 Major property damage Water Treatment Plant output diminished Personal risk to public health Significant depletion of service reservoir Major environmental impact 	Minor property damage Minor environmental impact	No property and/or minor environmental impact	No property impact or financial disadvantage to the customer

	Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3	Priority 4
	Reduced water supply to Critical Water Supply Customers			
Response time	Within 1 hour (business hours) Within 2 hours (after hours)	Within 2 hours (business hours) Within 3 hours (after hours)	Within 24 hours	Within 72 hours
Fault repair (ie asset functioning and back in service) objective	Within 5 hours	Within 24 hours	Within 24 hours	Within 5 business days
Surface reinstatement and clean-up completion if applicable	Within 10 business days	Within 10 business days	Within 10 business days	Within 10 business days

2.4. RESPONSE AND REPAIR TIMEFRAMES AND PRIORITY DETAILS - SEWER SUPPLY SERVICE

The following table outlines the Sewer Supply Response and Repair Timeframes and Priority Details for the essential service aspect of the Council Sewer Supply Service.

Appendix Table 4: Sewer Response and Repair Timeframes and Priority Details

	Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3	Priority 4
Definition	 A complete failure to contain sewage within the system or any problem affecting customers or a critical user at a critical time Traffic or safety hazard 	A minor failure to contain sewage within the sewer system or any problem affecting multiple customers	A minor failure to contain sewage affecting a single property	A minor problem, request or complaint which can be dealt with at a time convenient to the customer and Council
Typical cause	Manhole overflowing Pump station failure Broken gravity/rising main Missing manhole lids Break, collapse, choke overloading the system and extended wet weather Subsidence causing immediate danger Sewerage Treatment Plant critical alarms	Cracked pipe or partial blockage of the sewer Pump station fault, Partial sewer blockage Subsistence causing danger, Asset location – plant and machinery onsite	Sudden extra hydraulic load which backs up but then clears itself Partial main line choke Partial house service choke Broken junction connection Minor subsistence Sewer odour not occurring now Noisy or odorous manhole Noisy or odorous pump station Asset location	 Pump station/manhole noisy (not causing major concern to customer's peace and quiet) Planned work System investigation Adjustment to manholes
Typical effects	 Personal injury or risk to public health Surcharge to overflow in dry weather Surcharge or overflow wet weather Surcharge inside a building 	 Surcharge outside a building, not posing a health risk Minor property damage Minor environmental impact, ie odour problems 	 Minor surcharge Slow moving toilet flush Minimal or environmental impact 	Minor inconvenience or disruption

	Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3	Priority 4
	Surcharge outside a building, if posing a health risk			
	Major property damage eg subsidence			
	Major environmental impact			
Response time	Within 1 hour (business hours) Within 2 hours (after hours)	Within 2 hours (business hours) Within 3 hours (after hours)	Within 24 hours of a normal working day	Within 5 business days
Fault repair (ie asset functioning and back in service) objective	Within 5 hours	Within 24 hours of a normal working day	Within 48 hours of a normal working day	Within 5 business days
Surface reinstatement and clean-up completion if applicable	Within 10 business days	Within 10 business days	Within 10 business days	Within 10 business days



3. TARGETS AND BENCHMARKING

Everything we do is measured to ensure that Council stays focussed on the core services we provide. It is important that as many of those services are benchmarked to ensure that areas for improvement are identified early.

It is also important that customers get a realistic, accurate and comprehensive suite of results by which they can measure the performance of their water utility. Council does this through two main reporting mechanisms with targets and results outlined within this appendix; National Performance Reporting and Dol – Water Benchmarking Reporting.

These results are issued annually and updated as they become available but time lags occur to the issue of the Customer Service Plan beyond the control of Council.

Benchmarking is undertaken against broad targets across three reporting means. In respect of State performance, the targets are generally:

- < less than average
- > Greater than average
- <> no benchmark (see below)

Where the symbol <> is shown, this indicates that no benchmark target can be reasonably set as significant factors beyond the control of a utility impact on any comparative result.

Positive performance by Council is shaded in green.

3.1. NATIONAL PERFORMANCE REPORTING – NON MAJOR UTILITIES – >4,000 <10,000 PROPERTIES

The National Performance Reporting is a comprehensive, comparative performance report, unique for Australia in scale and scope. The National Performance Reporting requires that data results are independently audited every four years and only Utilities that achieve full compliance with the audit are contained within the benchmarking results.

There is always a time lag in publication of the data with the annual results promulgated in late April of each year.

The results below are related to the Customer Service Plan and include a range of indicators with strong links to customer responsiveness. The full reporting suite of Indicators can be found through the Bureau of Meteorology website.

Note – The Indicators highlighted and shown within the table below are linked by a prefix (\mathbf{A} = Assets, \mathbf{W} = Water Resources, \mathbf{C} = Customers, \mathbf{E} = Environment, \mathbf{P} = Pricing, \mathbf{F} = Finance and \mathbf{H} = Public Health) to reflect the 7 Indicators across a suite of approximately 150 water industry benchmark performance measures.



Appendix Table 5: National Performance Report – Indicators – 2015/2016

Section and Target	Indicator	Singleton Council Result	Median Result (<4,000 >10,000)	
Water Resources (Partial Indicator of Cu	stomer Responsiveness to Demand Man	agement Initiatives)		
< Average Result	W12 Average annual residential water supplied (kL/property)	258	248	
Assets (Partial indictor of Cus	tomer service through the condition of the	e sewerage network)		
< Average Result	A8 Water Main Breaks (Number per 100km of water main)	9	12	
< Average Result	A11 Real Losses of Water (Litres per service connection per day)	60	80	
< Average Result	A14 Sewerage Main Breaks and chokes (Number per 100km of sewer main)	45	38	
Customers (Direct indictor of Cust	tomer service performance across a range	e of core functions of	a utility)	
< Average Result	C9 Water Quality Complaints (Number per 1000 properties)	1	3	
< Average Result	C10 Water Service Complaints (Number per 1000 properties)	23	4	
< Average Result	C11 Sewerage Service Complaints (Number per 1000 properties)	14	5	
< Average Result	C13 Total Water and Sewerage Complaints (Number per 1000 properties)	39	34	
< Average Result	C15 Average duration of an unplanned interruption – water (Minutes)	330	120	
< Average Result	C16 Average sewerage interruption (minutes)	116	108	
< Average Result	C17 Average frequency of unplanned interruptions – water (Number per 1000 properties)	32	32	
<>	C18 Customers to which restrictions applied for non-payment of water bill (Number per 1000 properties)	0		
<>	C19 Customers to which legal actions applied for non-payment of water bill (Number per 1000 properties)	63		
	stomer service as environmental perform ct to both capital and operating costs. The			
> Average Result	E4 Percent of sewage volume treated that was compliant (%)	100	98	
	E6 Public disclosure of sewage treatment plant performance (yes/no).	Yes	Yes	
> Average Result	E8 Percent of bio-solids reused (%)	0		



		0. 1. 0 "	
Section and <i>Target</i>	Indicator	Singleton Council Result	Median Result (<4,000 >10,000)
< Average Result	E12 Total net greenhouse gas emissions (net tonnes CO2 – equivalents per 1000 properties)	310	390
< Average Result	E13 Sewer overflows reported to the environmental regulator (per 100 km of main)	0.7	0.9
	oricing are a direct indicator of customer so by a Water Utility and the effect of demand		
< Average Result	P3 Typical Residential Bill – Water (\$)	501	658
< Average Result	P6 Typical Residential Bill – Sewerage (\$)	495	651
< Average Result	P8 Typical Residential bill – Water and Sewer (\$)	996	1224
term sustainability of the	ance of a utility is an important indicator he business with adequate capital expend		-
< Average Result	F11 Operating Cost – Water (\$/property)	470	518
< Average Result	F12 Operating Cost – Sewer (\$/property)	328	447
< Average Result	F13 Combined Operating Cost – Water and Sewer (\$/property)	798	965
> Average Result	F16 Total Capital Expenditure – Water and Sewer (\$000s)	892	493
> Average Result	F28 Capital Expenditure – Water Supply (\$/property)	652	212
> Average Result	F29 Capital Expenditure - Sewer (\$/property)	240	186
> Average Result	F19 Economic real rate of return – Water (%)	5.0	2.0
> Average Result	F19 Economic real rate of return – Sewerage (%)	3.3	1.5
Public Health (Direct Indicator of custor	mer service)		
<>	H1 Water Quality Guidelines	ADWG	ADWG
> Average Result	H3 % of population where microbiological compliance was achieved	100	100
<>	H7 Public disclosure of drinking water performance (yes/no)	Yes	Yes

3.2. DOI WATER – PERFORMANCE MONITORING AND BENCHMARKING REPORT <10,000 PROPERTIES

The NSW Water Supply & Sewerage Benchmarking Report and Performance Monitoring Report discloses the full suite of NSW water supply and sewerage performance indicators and benchmarking data for all NSW urban water utilities. The reports are in two volumes and are publically available. The reports disclose the key performance indicators for the NSW utilities together with the overall state-wide performance.

The annual results are promulgated in May each year and contain a Triple Bottom Line (TBL) Report of the water and sewer performance. A copy of the TBL is shown at the end of this Appendix.

The results below as related to the Customer Service Plan from the TBL are the latest available at the time of release of the Customer Service Plan. It should be noted that the Statewide Median Result reflects all 105 NSW Local Government Water Utilities ranging in size from 200 to 71,000 (water) and 69,780 (sewer) connected properties. The full reporting suite of indicators can be found through the DoI – Water's website www.dpi.nsw.gov.au.

Council achieved 100% compliance with implementation of NSW Best Practice Management Framework in 2015/2016.

Appendix Table 6: Water Supply Performance 2015/2016

Section	Indicator	Singleton Council	State Median
Utility - Characteristics	4 New residences connected to water supply (%)	0.9	1.0
	9 Renewals expenditure (% of current replacement cost of system assets)	1.0	0.6
	10 Employees per 1000 properties	1.5	1.5
Social - Health	18 Water Supply Coverage (% of Urban Population with reticulated water supply)	98.4	99.2
Environmental – Natural Resources	35 Energy Consumption per megalitre (kilowatt hours)	186	660
Economic - Finance	42 Current replacement cost per assessment (\$)	8,400	17,400
	44 Return on assets – Water (%)	6.9	1.7
	47 Loan payment per property – Water (\$)	0	11
Economic - Efficiency	48 Operating cost (OMA) per 100km of main (\$'000)	1,260	1.120
	50 Operating cost (OMA) per kilolitre (cents)	83	120
	51 Management cost (\$/property)	160	148
	52 Treatment cost (\$/property)	174	59
	54 Energy cost (\$/property	22	17
	55 Water main cost (\$/property)	61	71



Appendix Table 7: Sewerage Supply Performance 2015/2016

Section	Indicator	Singleton Council	State Median
Utility - Characteristics	4 New residences connected to sewerage (%)	0.8	1.2
	7 Renewals expenditure (% of current replacement cost of system assets)	1.2	0.5
	8 Employees per 1000 properties	1.9	1.7
Social - Charges	14 Non-residential sewer usage charge (c/kl)	170	159
Social – Health	16 sewerage Coverage (% of Urban Population with reticulated sewer service)	95.3	97.8
Social - Service Levels	21 Odour complaints per 1000 properties	0.7	0.9
Environmental – Natural Resources	30 Energy Consumption per megalitre (kilowatt hours/ML)	683	810
Environmental - Performance	37a Sewer Overflows (per 100km of main)	15	14
Economic - Finance	46a Return on assets – Sewerage (%)	5.4	1.8
	48a Loan payment per property – Sewerage (\$)	0	83
Economic - Efficiency	49 Operating cost (OMA) per 100km of main (\$'000)	1,240	1,700
	51 Operating cost (OMA) per kilolitre (cents)	176	208
	52 Management cost (\$/property)	129	164
	53 Treatment cost (\$/property)	92	159
	54 Pumping out costs (\$/property)	21	59
	55 Energy cost (\$/property	26	34
	56 Sewer main cost (\$/property)	86	51

3.3. WATER SUPPLY PERFORMANCE - TRIPLE BOTTOM LINE

Singleton Council

TBL Water Supply Performance

2015-16

WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM - Singleton Council serves a population of 19,200 (6,740 connected properties). Water is drawn from the Hunter River and Glennies Creek to supply Singleton. The water supply network comprises 1 direct filtration works (30 ML/d), 12 service reservoirs (28 ML), 9 pumping stations, 30 ML/d delivery capacity into the distribution system, 100 km of transfer and trunk mains and 173 km of reticulation. 73% of water supplied is potable and 27% nonpotable.

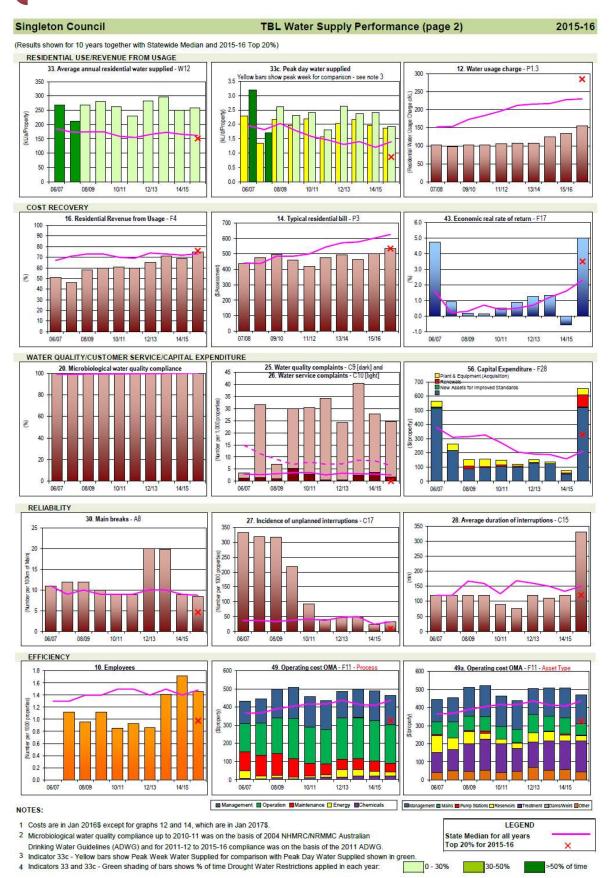
BPM IMPLEMENTATION - Singleton Council achieved 100% implementation of the outcomes required by the NSW BPM Framework, however, Council needs to finish preparing the 30year IWCM Strategy, Financial Plan and Report in accordance with the July 2014 IWCM Check List (www.water.nsw.gov.au) to maintain 100% BPM Implementation

PERFORMANCE - The 2016-17 typical residential bill was \$535 which was less than the statewide median of \$625 (Indicator 14). The economic real rate of return was 5% which was greater than the statewide median (Indicator 43). The operating cost (OMA) per property was \$470 which was close to the statewide median of \$440 (Indicator 49). Water quality complaints were less than the statewide median of 3 (Indicator 25). Compliance with ADWG was achieved for microbiological water quality (100% of the population, 1 of 1 zones compliant), chemical water quality and physical water quality. The chlorination system failed to operate on 1 day. The treatment system failed to operate on 40 days. Singleton Council reported no water supply public health incidents. Council has a risk-based Drinking Water Management System (DWMS) and had 0 days of water restrictions. Current replacement cost of system assets was \$60M (\$8,400 per assessment). Cash and investments were \$33M and revenue was \$7.9M (excluding capital works grants).

IMPLEMENTATION OF	OUTCOMES REQUIRED BY THE NSW BE	ST-PRACT	ICE MANAGEMENT (BPM) FRAMEWORK	
	ategic Business Plan & Financial Plan	YES	(3) Sound water conservation implemented	YES
(2) (2a) Pricing - Full Cos	at Recovery, without significant cross subsidies	Yes	(4) Sound drought management implemented	YES
	propriate Residential Charges	Yes	(5) Complete performance reporting (by 15 September)	YES
	propriate Non-residential Charges	Yes	(6) Integrated water cycle management strategy	YES*
	SP with Commercial Developer Charges	Yes	IMPLEMENTATION OF ALL OUTCOMES	100%

IPLE	E BO	TTO	N LI	NE (TBL) PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	RESULT	ULT RANKING		MEDIANS		
		NWI				Size Group 2	All LWUs	Statewide	Nation	
		C1		Population served: 19,200 (Number of assessments: 7,100)	Col 1	Col 2	Col 3	Col 4	Coli	
		C4	2	Number of connected properties: Council is within Size Group 2: (4,001 to 10,000 properties)	6.740					
so.		3	Residential connected properties % of total	88			91			
	CHARACTERISTICS		4	New residences connected to water supply %	0.9	2	3	1.0		
5.	8	A3	5	Properties served prop/km				33	34	
	CT		6	Rainfall % median annual rainfall		3	3	104		
)	AR	W11	7	Total urban water supplied at master meters ML	3,770			6,900	9,7	
	용		8	Peak week to average consumption %		3	4	142		
			9	Renewals expenditure % CRC		2	2	0.6		
				Employees per 1,000 prop		2	2	1.5		
-		P1		Residential tariff structure for 2016-17: inclining block; independent of land value; access charge \$						
			122	Residential water usage charge for 2015-16 for usage <450 kL (2015-16,		4	4	228	19	
	TS	E Rose		Residential water usage charge for 2016-17 for usage <450 kL c/kL (2016-17,		4	4	230	10	
	- C	P3		Typical residential bill for 2015-16 \$/assessment (2015-16,		1	1	601	67	
	CHARGES& BILLS	1.0		Typical residential bill for 2016-17 \$/assessment (2016-17)		1	1	625	, 0,	
	ARG			Typical developer charge for 2016-17	17552	4	3	5.600		
	풍	F4				3	2	73	6	
						2	2	928		
		10			19/1				9	
	E			Water Supply Coverage (% of Urban Population with reticulated WS) % of population		2	2	99.2		
	HEALTH			% population with chemical compliance % of population		1	1	100		
		Н3	20a	% population with microbiological compliance % of population	100	1	1	100	- 1	
	ST	C9	25	Water quality complaints per 1,000 prop		3	3	3	100	
	SERVICE LEVELS	C10	26	Water service complaints per 1,000 prop		4	4	4	0	
	H.	C17	27	Incidence of unplanned interruptions per 1,000 prop	32	5	4	32	9	
	Š	A8	30	Number of water main breaks per 100km mair		3	2	9	- 1	
	SE		32	Total days lost %	4.5	4	4	3.5		
	-	W12	33	Average annual residential water supplied - STATEWIDE result kL/prop	258	4	3	162	11	
MENTAL	RESOURCE			Average annual residential water supplied - COASTAL LWUs kL/prop	4777	5	5	155		
5 8	S S S	A10		Real losses (leakage) L/connection/day		2	2	70	7	
<u>u</u> 3	NA NA			Energy consumption kWh/ML	186	1	1	660		
	III A	E12		Net greenhouse gas emissions - WS & Sge t CO2 eq per 1,000 prop		2	2	390	4	
=				Current replacement cost \$/assessmen		5	5	17,400		
		E17		Economic real rate of return - Water %		1	1	2.3	2	
	ш	TELES.		Return on assets - Water %		1	1	1.7	L	
	FINANCE	F22		Net Debt to equity - WS & Sge %		5	5	-3	1	
	2			Interest cover - WS & Sqe	>100	1	1	34		
		1.20		Loan payment - Water \$/prop		3	3	11	- 4	
		F24			- W. W. C.	3	1	3,800	93	
		F24		111111111111111111111111111111111111111		-1		110	93	
				Operating cost (OMA) per 100km of main \$1000		3	3	1,120		
		FII		Operating cost (OMA) per property - Note 8		1	2	440	41	
			Operating cost (OMA) per kilolitre c/kl	77	2	2	120			
	EFFICIENCY			Management cost S/prop		2	3	148		
				Treatment cost \$/prop		5	4	59		
	EFF		53	Pumping cost \$/prop		2	2	28		
			54	Energy cost \$/prop		2	3	17		
					Water main cost \$/prop		2	2	71	
		F28	56	Capital Expenditure \$/prop	652	1	1	212	19	

- Col 2 rankings are on a % of LWUs basis best reveals performance compared to LWUs in a similar Size Group (ie. Result in Col 1 is compared with LWUs in Size Group 2).
- 2 Col 3 rankings are on a % of LWUs basis best reveals performance compared to all NSW LWUs (ie. Result in Col 1 is compared with all NSW LWUs).
- 3 Col 4 (Statewide Median) is on a % of connected properties basis- best reveals statewide performance (gives due weight to larger LWUs & reduces effect of smaller LWUs).
 4 Col 5 (National Median) is the median value for the 75 utilities reporting water supply performance in the National Performance Report 2015-16 (www.bom.gov.au).
- 5 LWUs are required to annually review key projections & actions in the later of their IWCM Strategy and financial plan and their Strategic Business Plan and to annually 'roll forward', review and update their 30-year total asset management plan (TAMP) and 30-year financial plan.
- 6 2016-17 Non-res tariff: Access Chg based on Meter Size* (eg. 40mm \$594.85), Two Part: Usage Chg 160c/kL.
- 7 Non-residential water supplied was 38% of potable water supplied (excluding non-revenue water).
- Non-residential revenue was 34% of annual rates and charges. This indicates fair pricing of services between the residential and non-residential sectors. 8 Operating cost (OMA/ property) was \$470. Components were: management (\$160), operation (\$212), maintenance (\$48), energy (\$22) & chemical (\$20).
- Rehabilitations included 1.2% of water mains, 0.76% of service connections and 2.2% of water meters. Renewals expenditure was \$233,000/100km of main.
- 10 Singleton Council has 5 fully qualified water treatment operators who meet the requirements of the National Certification Framework.



3.4. SEWERAGE PERFORMANCE – TRIPLE BOTTOM LINE

Singleton Council TBL Sewerage Performance

SEWERAGE SYSTEM - Singleton Council serves a population of 16,100 (5,710 connected properties) and has 1 sewage treatment works providing secondary treatment. The system comprises 20,000 EP treatment capacity (Intermittent Extended Aeration (Activated Sludge)), 15 pumping stations (30 ML/d), 26 km of rising mains and 126 km of gravity trunk mains and reticulation. No effluent was recycled. Singleton Council has a Pollution Incident Response Management Plan (PIRMP) for their sewage treatment works

BPM IMPLEMENTATION - Singleton Council achieved 100% implementation of the outcomes required by the NSW BPM Framework, however, Council needs to finish preparing the 30-year IWCM Strategy, Financial Plan and Report in accordance with the July 2014 IWCM Check List (www.water.nsw.gov.au) to maintain 100% BPM Implementation

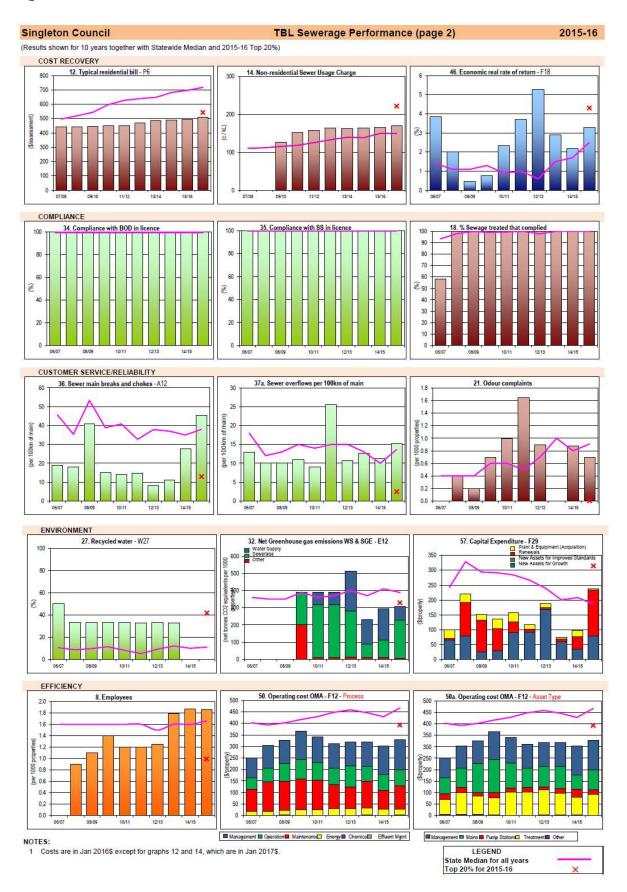
PERFORMANCE - Residential growth for 2015-16 was 0.8% which is lower than the statewide median. The 2016-17 typical residential bill was \$510 which was much less than the statewide rearronmance - residential grown for 2013-10 was 0.00% which is lower train the statewine mediant. The 2016-17 typical residential bill was 5010 which was much less than the statewine mediant of \$180 (Indicator 12). The economic real rate of return was similar to the statewine mediant of \$180. The operating cost per property (OMA) was \$328 which was much less than the statewine median of \$470 (Indicator 50). Sewage odour complaints were less than the statewine median of 0.9 (Indicator 21). Singleton Council reported no public health incidents. 1 of 1 sewage treatment works were compliant at all times. Council complied with the requirements of the environmental regulator for effluent discharge. The current replacement cost of system assets was \$73M (\$12,200 per assessment), cash and investments were \$21M and revenue was \$3.9M (excluding capital works grants). Council paid a dividend of \$0.177M.

	PLEMENTATION OF OUTCOMES REQUIRED BY THE NSW BEST-PRACTICE MANAGEMENT (BPM) FRAMEWORK Complete current strategic business plan & financial plan YES (2e) Pricing - DSP with commercial developer charges (2h) Pricing - Full Cost Recovery without significant cross subsidies (2h) Pricing - Appropriate Residential Charges (2c) Pricing - Appropriate Non-Residential Charges (2d) Pricing - Appropriate Non-Residential Charges (2d) Pricing - Appropriate Non-Residential Charges (2d) Pricing - Appropriate Trade Waste Fees and Charges (2d) Pricing - Appropriate Trade Waste Fees and Charges (2d) Pricing - Appropriate Trade Waste Fees and Charges (2d) Pricing - Appropriate Trade Waste Fees and Charges (2d) Pricing - Appropriate Trade Waste Fees and Charges (2d) Pricing - Appropriate Trade Waste Fees and Charges (2d) Pricing - Appropriate Trade Waste Fees and Charges (2d) Pricing - Appropriate Trade Waste Fees and Charges (2d) Pricing - Appropriate Trade Waste Fees and Charges (2d) Pricing - Appropriate Trade Waste Fees and Charges (2e) Pricing - Liquid trade waste approvals & policy (2f) Pricing - Liquid trade waste approvals & policy (2f) Pricing - Liquid trade waste approvals & policy (2f) Pricing - Liquid trade waste approvals & policy (2f) Pricing - Liquid trade waste approvals & policy (2f) Pricing - Liquid trade waste approvals & policy (2f) Pricing - Liquid trade waste approvals & policy (2f) Pricing - Liquid trade waste approvals & policy (2f) Pricing - Liquid trade waste approvals & policy (2f) Pricing - Liquid trade waste approvals & policy (2f) Pricing - Liquid trade waste approvals & policy (2f) Pricing - Liquid trade waste approvals & policy (2f) Pricing - Liquid trade waste approvals & policy (2f) Pricing - Liquid trade waste approvals & policy (2f) Pricing - Liquid trade waste approvals & policy (2f) Pricing - Liquid trade waste approvals & policy (2f) Pricing - Liquid trade waste approvals & policy (2f) Pricing - Liquid trade waste approvals & policy (2f) Pricing - Liquid trade waste approvals & policy (2						Yes Yes YES YES* 100%	
RIPL	E BO	TTON	I LII	NE (TBL) PERFORMANCE INDICATORS	RESULT	RANKING Size Group 2 All LWUs	MED Statewide	IANS National
		C5		Population served: 16,100 (Number of assessments: 5,950)	Col f	Col 2 Col 3	Col 4	Col 5
	***	C8		Number of connected properties: Council is within Size Group 2: (4,001 to 10,000 properties)	5,710	0012 0013	0017	COLO
	5	C6	3	Residential connected properties No.	5,090			
≱	SE	00	4	New residences connected to sewerage %	0.8	2 3	1.2	
UTILITY	8	A6			38	2 3	38	40
5	CHARACTERISTICS	W18		Volume of sewage collected ML	1.065		4,900	5,610
	쿵	11115	7	Renewals expenditure % CRC	1.2	2 2	0.5	919.10
				Employees per 1,000 prop	1.9	4 3	1.7	
		P4	1050		1.0		7.65.\	
	ES.		120	Description of residential tariff structure for 2016-17: access charge/prop; independent of land value Typical residential bill for 2015-16 \$\alpha assessment (2015-16)	495	2 2	697	703
	CHARGES & BILLS	P0			510	2 2	718	103
	SS			Typical residential bill for 2016-17 \$/assessment (2016-17)				
	RG			Typical developer charge for 2016-17 \$/ET (2016-17)	3,330	4 4	4,700	
	丢	110000		Non-residential sewer usage charge for 2016-17 c/kL (2016-17)	170	3 3	159	
Ą		F6	15	Revenue - Sge \$/prop	680	4 3	1,095	1032
SOCIAL	Ξ		16	Sewerage Coverage (% of Urban Population with Reticulated Sge Service) % of population	95.3	2 3	97.8	
S	HEALTH	E3	17	Percent of sewage treated to a tertiary level	100	2 2	95	85
	里		18	Percent of sewage volume treated that was compliant %	100	1 1	100	
			21	Odour complaints per 1,000 prop	0.7	4 4	0.9	
	SERVICE	C11		Service complaints - Sqe per 1,000 prop	14.0	3 3	5	1
	88			Average sewerage interruption min	116	4 4	108	101
	22 7	0.10		Total days lost %	3.7	4 4	3.5	101
		W19		Volume of sewage collected kL/prop	187	2 2	234	202
	8 -			Total recycled water supplied ML	107	2 2	740	1,580
	NEW NEW	W27		Recycled water % of effluent			11	17
	NATURAL REBOURCE MANAGEMENT	E8		Biosolids reuse %			100	90
₹	URA	LU		Energy consumption kWh/ML	683	3 3	810	30
눌	NA	E12		Net greenhouse gas emissions - WS & Sge t CO2 eq per 1,000 prop	310	2 2	390	402
뿔		LIZ					330	402
8	CONTROL OF			90 th Percentile licence limits for effluent discharge: BOD 30 mg/L; SS 30 mg/L; Total N	Dinisia de la Caracia de la Ca	ALL STREET, ST		
ENVIRONMENTAL	ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE			Compliance with BOD in licence %	100	1 1	100	
Ž.	(A			Compliance with SS in licence %	100	1 1	100	
_	88	A14		Sewer main breaks and chokes per 100km main	45	4 4	38	20
	ER PR			Sewer overflows per 100km main	15	3 4	14	
	(i) (i)	E13		Sewer overflows reported to environmental regulator per 100km main	0.7	4 4	0.9	0.8
			39	Non residential & trade waste sewage volume % of sewage			20	
			43	Revenue from non-residential & trade waste charges % of revenue	27	1 1	19	
	뿅		44	Revenue from trade waste charges % of revenue	2.1	2 2	1.0	
	FINANCE	F18	46	Economic real rate of return - Sge %	3.3	1 1	2.5	2.9
	ii.		46a	Return on assets - Sge %	5.4	1 1	1.8	
			48a	Loan payment - Sge \$/prop			83	
2			49	Operating cost (OMA) per 100 km of main \$'000	1,240	2 2	1,700	
S		F12		Operating cost (OMA) per property - Note 9	328	2 2	470	429
ECONOMIC				Operating cost (OMA) per kL c/kL	176	1 2	208	
2	ζ			Management cost \$/prop	129	3 3	164	
	EFFICIENCY			Treatment cost \$/prop	92	1 1	159	
	H.			Pumping cost \$/prop	21	1 1	59	
	ш			Energy cost \$/prop	26	2 2	34	
				Sewer main cost \$/prop	86	5 5	51	
		F29		Capital Expenditure \$/prop	240	3 2	186	212
		1120	31		270			

- 1 Col 2 rankings are on a % of LWUs basis best reveals performance compared to similar sized LWUs (ie. Result in Col 1 is compared with LWUs in Size Group 2).
- Col 3 rankings are on a % of LWUs basis best reveals performance compared to all NSW LWUs (ie. Result in Col 1 is compared with all NSW LWUs).

 Col 4 (Statewide Median) is on a % of connected properties basis- best reveals statewide performance (gives due weight to larger LWUs & reduces effect of smaller LWUs).
- Col 5 (National Median) is the median value for the 74 utilities reporting sewerage performance in the National Performance Report 2015-16 (www.bom.gov.au).
- LWUs are required to annually review key projections and actions in the later of their IWCM Strategy and financial plan and their Strategic Business Plan and to annually 'roll forward', review and update their 30-year total asset management plan (TAMP) and 30-year financial plan.
- Non-residential access charge \$552 (uniform access charge). Sewer usage charge 170 c/kl..

 Non-residential revenue was 27% of revenue from access, usage & trade waste charges. The sewage collected (residential, non-residential & trade waste) was not reported.
- Compliance with Total N in Licence was 100%. Compliance with Total P in Licence was 100%.
- Operating cost (OMA)/property was \$328. Components were: management (\$129), operation (\$69), maintenance (\$103), energy (\$26) and chemical (\$1).
- 10 Singleton Council rehabilitations included 3.3% of its sewerage mains and 0.5% of its service connections. Renewals expenditure was \$578,000/100km of main.
- 11 Council has 1 fully qualified wastewater treatment operator who meets the NSW Certification requirements.



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